THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. XXII. TUESDAY, May 3, 1808. No. 1128.

Pittsburgh: Printed by *John Scull*, in Market-Street, next door to the corner of Front-Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR THE *PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.*

Two Dollars a Year—One Dollar to be piad at the time of subscribing, the other at the end of six months, if demanded. When the paper is sent by post, the postage must be paid, in addition to the subscription.

Advertisements, not exceeding a square, inserted three times for One Dollar, and every continuance after, 25 Cents. Those exceeding a square, in proportion. Persons sending advertisements are requested to note the number of times they wish them inserted.

☞ *Handbills, Blanks, and Printing in general, executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch.*

Genuine Preparations.

JUST received, from the proprietor's Patent and Family Medicine Warehouse, New-York, and for sale by

ANTHONY BEELEN,

In Front, between Market & Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

HAMILTON's ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, sore throats and approaching consumptions. Thousands are too well acquainted with the nature and effects of impirical medicines daily offered for the cure of the above complaints-----dear bought experience has taught that oily and heating medicines, joined with strong opiates(or sleepy drugs) repeated doses of which flatter and deceive the patient for the present, by procuring momentary ease; experience, I say, has taught thousands that the common opiates and balsamics, as they are called, finally aggravate every disorder of the breast and lungs, in the most distressing symptoms, that they load the stomach and impair the digestion, inflame the whole system, increase the difficulty of breathing, and excite fever. But the qualities of this valuable discovery are evinced by perfectly opposite effects. A single trial will prove that it restores the determination of the fluids to the surface of the body, and brings on the common healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacuates the tough, viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessels of the lungs, sheathes the acrimonious humor which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course effectually and permanently conquered, the reverse of common medicine which weakens the constitution and gives strength to the disorder, for the sake of moderating for the present some of its painful effects.

To Parents who have Children afflicted with the Whooping Cough.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable, the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the doses so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

SELECTED CASES.

Philadelphia, Aug. 19, 1806.

Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent quality of Hamilton's Elixir, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it; which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had to rise up in my bed with all the horrors of immediate suffocation—add to these, a constant pain in my breast, and cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption.—The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me, and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give Hamilton's elixir a trial, saying he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's, and found relief before I had taken half of it. I continued to use it,and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir. *GEO. BENNER, jun.*

No. 11, Budd-st. Philadelphia.

Mrs. H. Lee, New-York.

Mr. Charles Myers, Hamstead-Hill, near Baltimore, had been a long time dangerously indisposed, and was reduced to the lowest state of weakness, insomuch that his recovery appeared extremely doubtful. His complaints, which seemed to be affections of the breast and lungs, and general debility occasioned thereby, yielded little, but rather progressed, under the treatment of several eminent physicians; when by the use of Hamilton's Elixir, his distressing cough was immediately alleviated, and every other symptom rapidly subdued. Four or five bottles entirely removed his complaints, and restored him to an excellent state of health and strength, which he has for upwards of a year past enjoyed without interruption.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which, there is reason to believe, have, within NINE YEARS past, cured upwards of Two Hundred Thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from WORMS, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

LETTER

From the Rev. J. Molther, Minister of the Moravian Church in Yorktown.

YORKTOWN, Jan. 4, 1802.

Dear Sir,—Doctor Hamilton's Lozenges having been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms, I procured a box for the use of my family, to try whether, by means of this medicine, I might be enabled to gain a point, which to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time, in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of the Lozenges, agreeable to the directions, which carried off a substance, to all appearance mere mucus, but upon close inspection quite replete with very small living animals, not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children, came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and, though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on a belly-ache, or any of those disagreeable sensations, so often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the whole, I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indisposition both among children and adults. I am sir, your most obedient servant, JOHN MOLTHER.

ITCH OINTMENT.

Warranted to cure by once using, and to be free from mercury, or any other pernicious or offensive ingredients, &c. may with perfect safety be applied to the youngest infant.

Hahn's true and genuine

GERMAN CORN PLAISTER.

The genuine Persian Lotion.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,

For the Teeth and Gums.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

Hahn's Anti-Billious Pills,

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation, &c. for being the best known remedy for cleansing the stomach and bowels.

HAMILTON'S

Essence and Extract of Mustard,

For Rheumatism, Gout, Palsy, Swelling, Numbness, &c.

The Anodine Elixir,

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

The Damask Lip Salve.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

For debilitated constitutions.

TAKE NOTICE.

Imitations of the above Medicines will probably be offered for sale in this town—therefore, apply only to *Anthony Beelen*, in Front Street, agent for the sale of the genuine preparations:—As a further security against imposition, each genuine article has on the outside wrapper the signature of

Hannah Lee,

Widow of the late Proprietor.

March 30, 1808

"WHICH MIGHT APPAL THE DEVIL!"

A SKETCH OF THE TRIAL

OF

EDWARD DONNELLY,

AT Carlisle, at the November Court of Oyer and Terminer, of 1807, for the murder of his WIFE, CATHARINE DONNELLY, on the 9th of August, 1807, at Eastpensborough township, Cumberland county, and afterwards *consuming her body by* FIRE. To which is added, *a short Account of his Life;*

And the Opinion at large, which was given on the motion in arrest of judgment—

Just received, and for SALE at

DAVID M'KEEHAN's

Book & Stationary Store, Pittsburgh.

Also, *His Confession*, taken at his own request, in the prison, on the 4th of February last; with a short account of his *Execution*, which took place on the 8th of February.

April 19, 1808.

HARPER & WILKINSON,

At the corner of Third & Market streets,

Have received an elegant assortment of

MUSLINS,

consisting of figured and plain

Leno, Cambricks, Jaconetts, Book,

India Mulls, &c.

Also a quantity of

SCOTCH CAMBRICKS.

Pittsburgh, *April* 18, 1808.

LANDS FOR SALE.

A TRACT of LAND situate in the state of Ohio, in third range, fifth township and second section, containing six hundred and forty acres.

One tract of Land situate in Randolph county, state of Virginia, on the north east side of Cheat river, adjoining lands of Joseph Watson and others, containing one thousand acres.

In the town of New-Lisbon, Columbiana county, state of Ohio, two Lots, Nos 10 and 11, situate on Market street, with a house and stable erected thereon, and a good well of water.

For a part of the above valuable property, produce will be taken in payment. Any person inclining to purchase may know the terms by applying to JOSEPH M'CLINTOCK, jr. in Pittsburgh.

April 18, 1808. tf.

FOR SALE,

TWO HOUSES, situate in Liberty street, near Fort Fayette,—one is a two story frame, the other log—well finished and convenient. They will be sold on reasonable terms, either together or separate.

To be Let, on ground rent, half the Lot, being 60 feet front on Penn street, and the usual depth back. For terms apply to the subscriber, living on the premises.

MARY NEALOW.

Pittsburgh, April 2d, 1808.

JUST RECEIVED,

From Philadelphia, and for Sale, by *DAVID M'KEEHAN, Pittsburgh,*

MARSHALL'S

LIFE OF WASHINGTON,

In 5 vols. octavo, *elegantly bound* in calf, gilt, with a *superb Portrait of the General*, and a variety of *Maps*, in an extra quarto vol.

THIS truly interesting and invaluable work, has received the unequivocal approbation of the first literary characters in Europe and America.—"It has been hailed," says an English reviewer, "as an acquisition to STANDARD LITERATURE; as deserving a place by the side of Robertson's Charles V. and as unrivalled in the authenticity of its materials, by any work in the entire compass of History and Biography."

The plan of the work, which combines the biography of Washington with a history of the times in which he lived, is modelled after writers of established celebrity. A variety of authors might be quoted in support of the assertion,—let those of Robertson and Roscoe suffice; names deservedly dear to the lovers of literature.

April 11, 1808.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

(Price single one dollar—9 dollars per dozen.)

By ZADOK CRAMER,

The Sixth Edition of

THE NAVIGATOR:

Containing directions for navigating the Monongahela, Allegheny, Ohio and Mississippi rivers:

With a Geographical account of the countries through which they run.

To which is added an Appendix,

Containing an account of Louisiana and of the Missouri and Columbia rivers, as traversed by Captains Clark and Lewis.

With accurate Maps of the Ohio and Mississippi.

☞ Merchants and others who may want a supply of these books, will do well to forward their orders soon; as a good part of the edition is already engaged.

Pittsburgh, April 4, 1808.

P. S. Expected daily, a large supply of *School Books.* I hope the ladies, and all good girls and boys, will not forget to fetch me all the clean linen and cotton rags they possibly can.—Save the smallest pieces, and put them in a rag bag—save them from the fire and the ash heap. It is both honorable and profitable to save rags, for our country wants them.

☞ Subscriptions received for *Mansfield's Map of the State of Ohio*, now printing in Cincinnati.

*** An elegant *Terrestrial Globe*, for sale, as above.

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING LANDS, &c.

IN the town of Allegheny, opposite Pittsburgh, town lots No. 39 and 87. Out lots No. 184 and 239, containing ten acres each.

100 acres of land about twelve miles from Pittsburgh, and about 2 miles off from the Franklin road from Dixon's tavern.

207 acres and 87 perches, about fourteen miles up the Allegheny river from Pittsburgh, and about one mile back from said river.

A town lot in the town of New Castle, No. 4, situate on the diamond of the public square, whereon is erected a new two story log house; also a new store house, a good kitchen, stables, a draw well with excellent water, &c. being built for a tavern and kept as such, being the first rate tavern in said town.

First donation district, Beaver county, No. 11,—500 acres. Butler county, No. 169,—200 acres.

Second donation district, Butler county, No. 429,—200 acres. Mercer county, No. 1946—200 acres. No. 1921, one equal half or moiety of 200 acres.

Fifth donation district, Venango county, No. 1004,—200 acres.

Sixth donation district, Crawford county, No. 1203—200 acres.

Seventh donation district, Crawford county, No. 1345 and 1395,—200 acres each.

Eighth donation district, Crawford county, No. 1541 and 1721,—200 acres each.

Town of Erie, town lots No. 1925 and 2059.

Town of Montgomery, in Harrison county, state of Virginia, town lots No. 324, 1244, 1415 and 2316.

Any person inclining to purchase any of the above property, may know the terms of sale by applying to James Semple, Esq. or to the subscriber, living about three miles from Pittsburgh, on the east side of the Allegheny river.

BERNARD HUBLEY.

March 15, 1808.

For Sale at this Office, neatly printed,

Justices Blanks,

Of the latest and best forms, viz.

SUBPOENAS FOR WITNESSES, WARRANTS, SUMMONSES, EXECUTIONS, &c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, May 3, 1808.

Captain Ray, with a detachment of about 100 recruits, arrived here on Friday last. He is on his march for Detroit, in order to reinforce that garrison.

More French fraternizing near home.

Many, not knowing the source from whence the information had been derived, have been of opinion that the late account of an attempt to murder one of our citizens by two Frenchmen on the Allegheny mountain, near the place where Mr. Pollock was murdered, last year, by two other Frenchmen, was a fabrication; but we now unfortunately find it confirmed, beyond the possibility of a doubt. It is, however, satisfactory to hear that the man intended to be murdered, though he had his windpipe divided and his throat otherwise lacerated in a shocking manner, (having received eight cuts from the assassins) had his head severely bruized with stones, and being robbed of his money, was left for dead, may possibly recover.

If the people of America were not, beyond all example, blinded by their prejudices in favour of the outcasts of foreign nations, even of those who are alien to our blood and most corrupt in their manners and principles, such deeds would (especially at the present crisis) be awful warnings of what we may expect from the imperial-royal-republican cut-throats of the arch murderer, the emperor and king Napoleon, should we permit them to gain a footing in our country either as allies or enemies.

At a numerous and respectable meeting of Federalists and Constitutional Republicans of the Borough of Pittsburgh, at the house of Robert Spencer, 26th April, 1808.

Colonel O'Hara in the chair.

Resolved, That this meeting highly approve of the circular letter, addressed by their committee, to the Federalists and Constitutional Republicans throughout the state, and that the thanks of this meeting be presented to them for the same.

Resolved, That George Shiras, John Scull, and John M'Donald, Esq. be added to the above committee, and that seven members of that committee be authorized to attend the county conference, to be held on the 28th May next.

Resolved, That this meeting be adjourned to the 21st May next, at which time the committee will be instructed as to the candidates to be nominated at the general county conference.

Agreeably to previous notice, a large number of the inhabitants of Pitt township, in Allegheny county, met at the house of Samuel Rippy, and appointed Alexander Thompson, chairman, and Thomas Sampson, sec'y.

After the meeting was opened and its object explained, the following resolutions were *unanimously* adopted.

1st. That this meeting, reposing great confidence in the patiotism, talents and political acquirements of *JAMES ROSS* of Pittsburgh, will recommend him to their fellow citizens, and use all honorable means to promote his election to the office of Governor of Pennslyvania, at the next general election.

2d. That they will recommend *WILLIAM WILKINS* of Pittsburgh, as one of the candidates proper to be supported as a member of Assembly at the next election.

3d. That Andrew Watson, James Horner, Thomas Sampson, Alexander Hill, and *M*yers Powell, be a committee of correspondence and a delegation from this township to meet at a general conference to be held in Pittsburgh on the subject of the approaching election.

4th. That Jonas Roup, Jacob Negley, Alexander Thompson, John Ferree, John Johnston, William Bonner, James Miskimmons, Rudy Stotler, Henry Morrow, Charles Johnston, William Powell, Alexander M'Nair, George Wallace, John M'Dowell, Jacob Castleman, Moses Herbert, David Kennedy, Arthur Cleeland, sen *Dunning M*'Nair, Stewart Haney, and James Sample, be a committee of vigilance, to attend to the business of the election for this township.

5th. That both the said committees meet on Saturday the 21st of next month, at the house of Samuel Rippy, to adopt such measures as may be thought proper, touching the approaching election.

ALEX. THOMPSON, *Chairman.*
Thomas Sampson, *Secretary.*

At a large and respectable meeting of the federal republicans of Berks county, at the public offices in Reading, on the 14th day of April, 1808, convened by public notice, in order to fix upon a person to be supported at the next election, for Governor.

John Smith, Esq. was called to the Chair, and George D. B. Keim was appointed Secretary.

The following resolutions, after being separate-considered, were unanimously adopted.

1st. *Resolved*, That in the opinion of this meeting, the present situation of our affairs, both as it respects the United States in general, and the state of Pennsylvania in particular, is very alarming, and makes it the duty of every freeman in the country to come forward and endeavor, by every legal measure, to avert the storm impending over us, which threatens our constitution and our independence.

2d. *Resolved*, That it is the opinion of this meeting, that the preservation of our constitution and independence, depend, in a great measure, on a proper person being elected to fill the governmental chair of this state, for the next three years.

3d. *Resolved*, That impressed with these sentiments, and having the fullest confidence in the ability, integrity, firmness and patriotism of our much respected fellow citizen, JAMES ROSS of Pittsburgh, we will endeavor, by all legal and honorable means in our power, to procure his election as Governor of this commonwealth.

4th. *Resolved*, That Charles Evans, Marks John Biddle, Benjamin Morris, John Lotz, Frederick Hiller, William Moore, William Dundas, Andrew Kipner, William Bell, Jacob Sherer, Frederick Fritz, George Machemer, Daniel D. B. Keim, Peter Stichter, and William Mannerback, be a committee to correspond with the other committees which have been or may be appointed in the different counties of this state, on the subject of the foregoing resolutions, and also to appoint and correspond with committees of vigilance in the different townships of this county, and, generally, to do every honorable and legal act necessary to carry the foregoing resolutions into effect.

5th. *Resolved*, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secrery and published.

JOHN SMITH, *Chairman.*
George D. B. Keim, *Sec'y.*

At a large and respectable meeting held at the brick house in Witpain township Montgomery county the 14th inst. Cadwallader Evans, Esq. was called to the chair and Samuel Bird appointed secretary.

The following resolutions were moved and agreed to unanimously.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, JAMES ROSS of Pittsburgh is entitled to the full and entire confidence of the people of Pennsylvania, and that he possesses those qualifications which fit him in a peculiar manner for the first offices in the commonwealth.—His attachment to the constitution of this state, and that of the United States being unquestionable, and his talents and patriotism surpassed by none.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, JAMES ROSS will unite the voice of a great majority of the constitutional republicans of Pennsylvania, and particularly of this county, in favor of his promotion to the office of governor, for the ensuing three years, and this meeting will use every fair and honorable means to promote his election to that important office.

Resolved, That Cadwallader Evans, Esq. Matthew Pearce, Esq. Samuel Baird, Benjamin Markley, Cornelius Taylor, John Roberts, Esq. Samuel Mausly, John Hughes, Seth Chapman, Esq. Joshua Taylor, Seneca Lukens, Richard Roberts, John Thomas Moreland, Joseph Webster, Thomas Shoemaker, Esq. Mordecai Davis, and Abraham Shulby, be appointed a committee of correspondence.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Norristown Herald and in such other newspapers in this state whose editors are favorable to the election of a constitutional candidate to the office of governor.

CADWALLADER EVANS, Chairman.
SAMUEL BAIRD, Secretary.
April 14, 1808.

LANCASTER COUNTY MEETING.

FRIENDS OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The most respectable meeting of the friends of the Constitution ever witnessed in the Borough of Lancaster, was held in the Court-House on Wednesday last. The Senate Chamber was closely crowded. *M*any could not be admitted. The hoary locks of venerable freemen, some of whom had not attended a public meeting for twenty years, shewed themselves in various parts of the room. The honest, industrious and wealthy farmers, the back-bone of our national prosperity, attended in great numbers. Never, indeed, have we discovered so much solicitude as appeared to pervade every mind. It was equalled only by the unanimity with which every measure of the meeting was adopted.

Lan. Jour. April 22.

[At the above meeting it was resolved to support James Ross for the office of Governor at the next election. The particulars in our next.]

(CIRCULAR.)

The Subscribers having been appointed a committee of correspondence, by the Constitutional Republicans of Allegheny County, take the liberty of addressing you, in their behalf, on the subject of the ensuing general election. We cannot expect that in the first interchange of opinion on this subject, there will be no difference, but hope that when it is made in a spirit of conciliation, it will result in unanimity.

We much regret that measures have not heretofore been adopted, which would, 'ere this have produced a full expression of the public will. We also much regret that a portion of the representatives of the people, have so far followed a dangerous example, as to have undertaken to nominate a candidate for governor. We are far, very far from imputing to them other than the most pure and honorable motives; but we fear that by pursuing the same course which was on a former similar occasion so much reprobated in our opponents, some reasons may have been given for calling in question the consistency of former professions. It is but three years since this state was convulsed with the bold efforts of a daring party, so to new model our constitution, as virtually to consolidate the powers of all the departments of government into one: Those intentions are not yet abandoned. If the people acquiesce in legislative nominations thus made, there will be no possible check upon the usurpations of that department of government. The right of nominating an executive officer, is not one delegated by the people, or a duty attached to the station of a legislator; but although we do not approve of this mode of attempting the expression of the public will, and consider ourselves as in no wise bound by such nomination, we consider it as having been made by thirty-eight men of high standing in public and private life, and would not dissent from their wishes, if we thought that the candidate proposed by them, was best qualified for the office.

Of Mr. Spayd, the candidate thus nominated, we had heard little in this part of the state; and untill his late appointment, had not known of his having filled any important station, or having rendered any important services to the country; and it could not be expected of us, that we would have fixed our attention on him to fill at once the first office in the state.—From the respectable manner in which he has of late been recommended, we cannot but respect his virtues and private character, and believe he is all that his friends have represented. We however, have thought, that in bestowing the first offices in our country, a preference should be given to those who have enjoyed, and not justly forfeited, public confidence; that advancement in office should be gradual; and that a young man, unless possessed of very superior qualifications, should not be prefered to one of more mature age, and greater experience in public life.

The duties of a governor of this state, is at all times arduous and important, and more especially so at the present time. We have not had the means of judging whether Mr. Spayd is possessed of those qualities which would fit him to preside in these times; when our country is convulsed by faction, and threatened with war. We think it not safe to hazard the experiment.

We have long known Mr. Ross; his reputation in private life is unsullied; his eminent talents, and long experience in public life, have often called him to stations of high public trust; for the same office, he has heretofore received the confidence of a very large and respectable portion of the people of this state; and we have for these reasons, given him a preference to Mr. Spayd. We believe his election will best promote the common cause—the preservation of our constitution. In our support of Mr. Ross, we have been governed by no motive but a wish of placing in the executive chair of this state, the man best qualified to conduct us with safety through the present contest. We consider this as a time when local or common party politics should have no influence on our conduct. The spirit of innovation has spread from this to our sister states; the same blow which has been aimed at the constitution of this state, has been directed to the constitution of the United States. Under pretence of amendments, attempts are made to take away its vital principles. What was at first thought a mere family quarrel in this state, has pervaded the union. The old subjects of political discussion have long since been abandoned, and the great question is not now between the friends and enemies of the administration, but the friends and enemies of the constitution. To this great and important state the attention of the surrounding ones is now directed, and on its fate they will depend. From the danger which heretofore threatened us, we were saved by union, and an honorable abandonment of all local and partial views. A sense of common danger inspired a common wish to preserve great objects by small sacrifices. The old distinction of party were then forgotten, and the best interests of the state were preserved by the re-election of the present venerable governor. At that election, a respectable portion of the citizens of this state, who certainly were not the party friends of the governor, and whose neutrality would have been decisive of the election, honorably laid aside all their party feelings, and actively supported the man from whom they had no favors to expect, but on whose re-election, the safety of the state depended. We think it justly due to the candor of that party, that so laudable an example be followed by all the friends of the constitution; and we should deeply lament if it should be found on trial, that that party is the only one which would make a sacrifice of party feelings for the good of the state. For three years the constitutional party have acted in harmony, and with a sincere wish to promote the common cause; in all the questions of state policy, there has been no division; and at present there are but two parties in Pennsylvania politics,—the friends and the enemies of the constitution. If the latter can direct the attention of the former from the present great, to the smaller past objects, the substance will be lost in the pursuit of the shadow: But an honorable union on constitutional principles, conducted by a spirit of conciliation which consists in mutual sacrifices, will once more carry unhurt thro' this storm, those sacred principles which are our pride and our defence. For that union we most sincerely hope; and that unanimity will be the result of a free interchange of opinion on this subject. We have thus stated to you our sentiments, and will be happy in receiving from you the same communication of yours and of the citizens of your county.

We are, gentlemen, very respectfully,
Your obedient servants,

ISAAC CRAIG,
JOHN DARRAGH,
ALEX. M'LAUGHLIN,
THOMAS BRACKEN,
WILLIAM PORTER,
STEEL SEMPLE,
HENRY BALDWIN.

Pittsburgh, April 19, 1808.

By the newspapers which we have received we find the sentiments of the respective editors, without distinction of party, to be the same in regard to Champagny's letter; even the *Whig*, at Baltimore, and a French paper in N. York, called *L'Oracle*, cannot forbear resenting it.—None—none—but Duane, (and his echo, Dickson, of Lancaster) are found hardy enough to advocate it.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The Jeffersonian Administration.

"This court-pudding was served in—'twas of an amazing magnitude," (a mammoth pudding) "and they eyed it with rapture. *His Majesty* called for his carver; he dashed his knife through it—and let out the air! It was but an immense bladder covered with a delicate paste, finely powdered with "cloves, canell, gingiber, and gilofre," all the the richest spices possible, *but it was hollow!*"

It having at length graciously pleased *His Majesty* the People, to order *the great bladder court-pudding* of our *chief idol* to be carved, how will the credulous dupes of our ambitious demagogues stare, when they find it hollow! One dash of the knife will not be sufficient for this. It is a kind of labyrinth-pudding, of many bladders, variously connected, pasted, powdered, and perfumed. But the carvers are many, expert and ready,—and their knives are sharp. They will search out every recess, however *secret, and let out the air;* which from some parts will issue foul:—Yes, very foul!

The secret two Millions.

Ought not the people in a tone *loud and long* demand of the president an account of this money, which two years ago was drawn from the treasury; and an account of which he was directed by the appropriating act to lay before the legislature? It is time that the application of so large a sum should be known. If the purity of our principles have been stained by its expenditure in scenes of intrigue and corruption abroad; or if our honor has been tarnished and our independence prostrated by employing it in the payment of tribute, it is time that the people should disavow the act, and the guilty suffer the punishment which their crimes have merited.

Mr. Scull,

I am a constant reader of your paper and likewise of the "Commonwealth." In both I have found useful and entertaining information. Literary notices most frequently draw my attention; by these I am led to purchase such books as appear to me of the most advantage. In your last, I noticed the piece signed "An American Traveller;" his observations on the Navigator, and the remarks of "An European Traveller" on Brown's Dictionary of the Bible, prompted me to follow their example, by recommending Cramer's edition of the "*Child's Ladder to Learning*," to every lover of natural history, and every friend to scientific lore. The work is small, and every man for a small trifle may purchase it. This book is ornamented with twelve neat designs which do honor to the artist—the Ass, the little boy and girl hunting berries, and particularly the Horse, deserve notice.—In these drawings the genius of a Hogarth has been surpassed.

I have been somewhat surprized that writers have so long left unnoticed a work of such genuine estimation—a few extracts from the work may serve to shew its stile—

"fi ff fli ffl" &c. &c. &c.—"The ostrich runs like a race horse,—a goose lays eggs and hatches young goslins—The ass will carry two or three little boys at a time—little boys should not beat him with great big sticks—The eagle has been known to carry off little children in its claws—A turkey gobbles, an owl hoots, a snake hisses, a bee buzzes, a squirrel barks—The old sow has got ten pigs—see how they suck their mother—pretty pigs!!! Bob, do you know our white faced cow has calved? it has four legs, two eyes, two ears and a long tail like its mother—by and by it will be as big as our Darby ox—Good girls do not cry, they laugh."

I have made a few extracts promiscuously selected. I am informed the second volume is in press;—as soon as it published, the public shall see some further remarks by

An African Traveller.

Law of Pennsylvania.

A supplement of an act entitled "an act directing the mode of settling accounts in the Land-Office, and to prevent frauds in obtaining land warrants."

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the provisions of the first section of the act entitled "an act to encourage the patenting of lands, and for other purposes," passed the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and five, be and the same are hereby extended and continued in force, until the first of September, which will be in the year one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Sect. 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That so much of an act passed the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seven, entitled "an act directing the mode of settling accounts in the Land-office, and to prevent frauds in obtaining warrants for land;" which authorises the Receiver-general of the Land-office, on settlement of any account for monies due on land within the purchase made of the Indians, in and prior to the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty eight, to ascertain the amount of the principal and interest due upon such account, at the time of passing said act; and upon the aggregate amount so found due, he is directed to charge interest until the amount of the account is discharged, be and the same is hereby suspended until the first day of September, which will be in the year one thousand eight hundred and nine, and all other provisions of the said act shall be and the same are continued during the said term. *Provided*, that nothing herein contained shall be understood to authorise the Receiver-general to settle any account of monies due on such land in any other manner than is

directed by the said act, unless application for that purpose be made before the expiration of the period above limited; but in all cases of application after that period, interest shall be charged upon the aggregate sum from the time of passing the said act.

SIMON SNYDER, *Speaker of the House of Representatives.*

P. C. LANE, *Speaker of the Senate.*

Approved—the fourteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight.

THOMAS M'KEAN.

WHAT IS BEAUTY.

The venerable Kaliph Mahumoud Raif, before his spirit was received by the angel of death, concluded his farewell address to his beloved son with the following injunction:—Ismael, said he, take but one wife to thy bosom, but be careful that she is perfectly beautiful; if thou dost mistrust thy own judgment, see the opinion of the sages of different countries, for wisdom is not confined within the narrow bounds of individual capacity. The weeping youth bent his body to the earth in token of obedience, and the countenance of his aged parent was decked with a sweet smile of contentment, as his soul fled from its perishing habitation.

The youthful Ismael had long cherished the sweet passion of love for the virgin Zelma:—virtue had shed its benign influence in her heart, but nature had formed her person in an angry mood, and rendered it a singular contrast to the beauties that graced her mind.

The words of the expiring Kaliph, however, remained indelibly fixed in the mind of his dutiful child, who resolved implicitly to obey his fathers commands, although his attachment to Zelma was the source of many an involuntary sigh: but filial obedience triumphed over love, and he proceeded to the Kahn, or Inn, in which the various inhabitants of the earth were assembled.

Ismael had scarcely made known the occasion of his visit, when the guests displayed to him the different ideas of beauty, entertained by their respective countries, and eagerly advised him to be guided by them in the choice of a bride. An Arab of the desert lavished encomiums on the women of his nation for blacking the edge of their eye-lids, which he affirmed, rendered them complete beauties; a native of the Ladrone islands said, that beauty consisted in black teeth and white hair; an inhabitant of the Cummins admired thin cheeks, a long visage, and extremely large eyes; a Chinese preferred small crippled feet, a Turk corpulence and large black eyes; a Greenlander the custom of painting the face blue or yellow; a Muscovite declared that a woman whose face was not loaded with paint, was perfectly hideous, and an Englishman allowed that the females of his country had adopted the opinion of the Muscovites!

Others of the company were preparing to offer their opinions, when an holy Dervice, with modest accent, addressed the Kaliph—Mighty prince, said he, the most humble of slaves wishes to lay his lowly mite of advice at your feet. Proceed, holy Dervice, replied Ismael. The venerable sage replied, I have diligently studied the divine language of the Genii and my endeavors have been crowned with success, this sacred volume contains the fruits of my toil, in this your wishes will be gratified. The judge of the faithful immediately seized the precious gift, and found written in letters of gold,—IN VIRTUE ALONE IS PERFECT BEAUTY.

From the United States Gazette.

EFFECTS OF THE EMBARGO.

Mr. Bronson.

I am informed that the money which was subscribed some time ago, by our merchants and citizens for the relief of seamen during the embargo is all out and the men discharged. I think it is high time that something was done for this useful set of men, the general government pretends to have the interest of that class of men at heart; what has it done for them? It has taken away the means of their procuring subsistence, and made no appropriation whatever for them, and it has a full treasury. The state legislature have done nothing for their support, and they certainly had a good opportunity sometime ago of showing their liberality, had they accepted of the liberal offer that was made them for a charter by the Farmers and Mechanicks bank, I believe eighty thousand dollars, and taken only one half of it for the support of seamen who may be in want during the embargo. I say such an act never would have been felt by the public. I have subscribed my mite for their support and am willing to give again, rather than see them going out of the country to seek a living. I am credibly informed that the two last Packets which sailed for Halifax, were full of seamen as they could conveniently hold. Many people will say let such fellows go; they are not worth keeping. I dont agree with such people: a sailor does not like to get his living by labouring on shore, and few people are fond of employing them. Keep the embargo on three months longer and there will not be sailors enough left here to man one third of our ships. You cannot make a sailor in a month or a year. It requires years. If the government was to man the whole of the frigates and gun boats during the embargo, I would think that they were friendly to that class of men which is now deprived of subsistence, and it would give our young officers an opportunity of learning their duty. I am a friend to the embargo, although I feel it very sensibly, and I am a friend to a sailor.

Continue the embargo, make no appropriation for the seamen and the British will get all their subjects without impressing. To see Mr. Madison's letters to Mr. Monroe and Pinckney, on the subject of our seamen, being taken out of ships at sea, I would conclude that the governmet was a sailor's friend. Actions speak louder than words.

A SAILOR.

NEW-ORLEANS, *March* 17,

A report has been in circulation since Tuesday, that the Spaniards are again advancing on our frontiers.—Their force is stated at 500 regulars joined by the provincial militia. Yesterday report had them on the east side of the Sabine. The governor has, we learn, received a letter from Judge Carr, at Natchitoches, stating the reports prevailing at that place—but we cannot learn that there are any facts ascertained, to create alarm.

NEW-YORK, *April* 18.

We learn by the ship Thames, from Batavia, that admiral Pellew, with a squadron, consisting of 2 line of battle ships, 3 frigates, and 2 brigs; having on board twelve hundred troops, had anchored in the harbor of Gresse and taken possession of that place without opposition. Two Dutch line of battle ships, and an East-Indiaman, were scuttled, and left in possession of the enemy. Admiral Pellew had demanded water and provisions from the Governor of Surobaria—their further destination unknown.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 21.

Our Washington correspondent informs us, that a bill, authorising the president to suspend the embargo act, passed both houses of congress on Tuesday night at 10 o'clock, Yeas 60, Nays 38

A letter from a gentleman in Georgia, dated March 14, says—"The embargo has had its effect on the citizens of Mobile and Pensacola.—They are almost in a state of starvation.—Corn is four dollars per bushel—bacon 50 cents per pound—hogs lard one dollar per quart—fowls nine dollars per dozen. What they will do in summer, if the embargo continues, I cannot tell. A ship loaded with coffee, carrying 50 men and 24 guns, under American colours, has been taken by the Spaniards, and her cargo is now selling at Pensacola.

The schooner Citizen, capt. Sturges, arrived at Charleston on the 11th inst. from the city of Washington, with 52 marines on board, under the command of lieutenants Masters and Pinckney, 16 pieces of ordnance and provisions for the U. S. brig Hornet, capt. Dent.

More French freedom of the seas.—Capt. Petit, late master of the ship Mars, captured on her passage from Savannah to London, arrived at Charleston on the first instant, in the schooner Orono. While on board the privateer, capt. P. was informed that on a previous cruize, the Active had captured 18 sail of American vessels, some of which were just from France, but having suffered themselves to be boarded by British cruizers on coming out, they were "bon prize!" Among the crew of the Active were a number of Americans, who, having been thrown out of employ by the condemnation of their vessels, were compelled to resort to this expedient for subsistence. The captain of the Active informed capt. P. that all American vessels in France, had been seized by the Emperor, previous to his sailing. The American prisoners on board the Active, were used in the most disgraceful manner; capt. Petit was robbed of all his clothes, hat, &c. they even stripped him and took from him a sum in gold, which he had suspended round his waist in a girdle.

From the Freemans Journal.

When the attack on the frigate Chesapeak by the British ship Leopard, was made known to the public, it was considered as a deep and flagrant outrage on our NATIONAL HONOR and DIGNITY. The people, forgetting for the moment their party politics, assembled and expressed their abhorance of the atrocious act. No one was found base enough to even attempt an apology for the conduct of the British. All was patriotic harmony. All genuine American feeling.

Now mark the difference.

When the letter of Mr. Champagny the French minister to Mr. Armstroug, was made known, and generally considered as an insolent attempt on our NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY and INDEPENDENCE, we find at least one man hardy enough to approve of the act, for which see the Aurora of yesterday morning. [and Dickson's paper of Tuesday week.]

Taking into view all the outrages we have sustained from both Great Britain and France, the United States have just cause for war with both. Having no foreign predilictions whatever, we feel, indignant against both. But we prefer the present system of non-intercourse, to a war with either of them.

Let the people of Amreica be true to themselves and —*Beware of Traitors!*

TRACY'S MONUMENT.

A monument to the memory of General Uriah Tracy, by an equal subscription of his friends, was completed last week. It stands in the new burial ground in the city of Washington. The chaste and elegant form of this tribute to departed merit does honor to those who erected, as well as him who designed it.

Wsah. Fed,

Strayed or Stolen from the subsciber, living in Pitt township, Allegheny county, a Bay HORSE, nine or ten years old, fourteen hands high, the off hind foot white, with some saddle marks.

JAMES CAVETT.
Frichman's mill.

April 5, 1808.

BOOKS,
On *Law*, *Divinity*, *History*, or for *Schools*, will be given for
FLOUR or WHISKEY,
If application is made this day. Enquire at Zadok Cramer's Book Store.
Pittsburgh, May 3, 1808.

JUST RECEIVED,
BY ANTHONY BEELEN,
Front-street, an additional supply of
PINK, buff and blue gingams,
Plaid silks, *M*antua ribbons,
Callicoes,
Silk and cotton laces,
*M*uslins, of various description,
Sarcenets, leno and spider net vandykes,
Bedtickings,
Philadelphia, *M*orocco, plain and spangled kid slippers,
Split, straw and Leghorn bonnets and hats,
Gentlemen's beaver, castor, patent and water proof, and summer hats,
Room and entry paper hanging with bordering,
Ironmongery,
Olives, sweet oil, prunes, figs, &.
3000 lbs. best green coffee,
4 boxes white Havanna sugar,
3 boxes brown do. do.
A quantity of Long's sickles,
And a good assortment of Castings.
All which he will sell low for Cash.
Pittsburgh, *May* 2, 1808.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1808.

Regimental Orders.

THE 141st Regiment of Pennsylvania Militia will meet, to be trained and exercised, on Airs Hill, south east of the town, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon of Tuesday the 10th of next month.

As a court to hear and determine appeals for the current year, Captain Osborne, Lieutenant Byers and Lieutenant Black, will preside in the first Battalion, and will meet at the Turk's Head in Wood street, at two o'clock in the afternoon of Monday the 23d of next month. And Captains James Irwin and Chaplin and Lieutenant M'Gunnigle, will preside in the 2d Battalion, and will meet at the house of Robert Spencer, in *M*arket street, on the same hour and day.

WM. WILKINS, *Lt. Col.*
141*st Reg. Pa. Ma.*

P. SHIRAS,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Will leave Pittsburgh positively on the 20th instant. He may be consulted, unti that time, at Mr. Spencer's Inn.
May, 2, 1808.

Mr. PIES's
RESPECTS to his friends and former patrons—He intends teaching Dancing another half quarter this season. For former patronage he is highly thankful, and hopes to deserve farther favours. His School will recommence on Wednesday morning the 27th April, 1808.
Pittsburgh, April 25, 1808.
P. S. No spectators will be admitted except parents or guardians of pupils.

New-York State Lottery
Positively commences Drawing in the City of New-York on the
First Tuesday in April next.
Payment of Prizes guaranteed by the State Legislature.

HIGHEST PRIZES.

1 Prize	of	$25,000
1	of	10,000
2	of	5,000
4	of	2,000
7	of	1,000

and a very considerable number of inferior prizes. Less than two blanks to a prize. Prizes payable thirty days after the Drawing is completed, and (not like most Lotteries) will continue on demand for some years after the Drawing.

TICKETS,
HALVES, QUARTERS, & EIGHTHS,
For Sale in a variety of Numbers, at
G. & R. WAITES
Truly fortunate Lottery Offices,
No. 64 & 38, *Maiden Lane*, *New-York*,
At the following prices,

Whole Tickets,	$ 7 50
Half ditto,	3 75
Quarter ditto,	2 00
Eighth ditto,	1 00

But will advance as the Drawing approaches. Distant adventurers, by inclosing Bank Notes of any description, (post paid) will have Tickets and Shares forwarded to any amount, and the earliest advice sent them of their success (gratis.) Prize Tickets in any of the New-York Lotteries and late Baltimore Grand Lottery, taken in payment.

At *G. & R. WAITES* Offices in Baltimore was sold nearly all the capital prices in the last mentioned Lottery.

☞ Orders sent to G. & R. WAITES Office, corner of Market and Charles Streets, Baltimore, will be duly attended to. March, 1808.

FOR SALE,
LOT No. 312, in the Town of Mercer, fronting on the Public Square and Strawberry alley, on which is erected and well finished, a good two story square log House. The situation is pleasant and well calculated for business, being directly in front of the public buildings, now erecting.

For terms apply to the subscriber in Pittsburgh, or John Findley, esquire, in Mercer. J. B. OLIVER.
April 25, 1808.

Came to plantation of the subscriber, living on the Bank of the Ohio river, four miles from Pittsburgh, some time ago, a Red and White spotted COW, has a half crop off her right ear, and two slits in it. At present she has a young calf. The owner is desired come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

ANDREW JACK.
April 30, 1808.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS for building a Bridge across Chartiers creek, at the fording below Baldwin's mill, will be received at the Commissioners Office in Pittsburgh, until Monday the 6th of June next.

JAMES SAMPLE, JOHN DARRAGH, WM. M'CANDLESS, } Commissioners of Allegheny County.
April, 25, 1808.

By yesterday's Mail.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 25.

The Senate have passed a bill, fixing the first *M*onday in Nov. for the next meeting of congress. They have also passed a bill in addition to the supplement to the supplement to the embargo law. This bill restrains the coasting trade within the capes. *Mr* Adams in speaking in support of this bill, said he thought it probable either France or England would declare war against this country before the first of November next.

The Senate have passed a bill "empowering the President to equip all the frigates and other vessels of war of the United States."

A gentleman arrived at New-York in the Protection, confirms the intelligence of the failure of crops throughout Ireland. The Protection literally hurried off on account of a report that an Embargo had been laid upon all American vessels in the British dominions. Flaxseed, from 11 to 15 guineas per hogshead.—The linen business very much stagnated, and, on account of our non-importation act, the sale was very dull.

FROM LISBON.

Mr. Shutter, arrived at New-York on Friday evening, in the Ocean, sailed from Lisbon the 7th of *M*arch, in the Brig Hetty, which was sent into Plymouth by admiral Cotton's squadron, where he arrived on the 20th —*Mr.* Shutter informs, that 80,000 French troops had arrived in Spain, that there were 30,000 in Lisbon, and it was generally supposed they were bound against Gibraltar. Portugal was completely subdued—that twenty millions of dollars was to be raised on the 10th of April for the use of France—that the British manufactures were to pay one third of their value, and all cases of defalcation to be punished with death—that a great revolution was supposed to be on the eve of breaking out in Spain. Flour at Lisbon 18 dollars, and not an American vessel there.

FROM FRANCE.

An intelligent friend, who has arrived at New-York from Bordeaux, has favored us with the following communication:

April 21.

I arrived here this morning in 43 days from Bordeaux, in the brig George, Captain Chester. I intended to have brought some of the latest French papers but at the time of my departure from Bordeaux I could not procure any that contained any thing worthy of republication.

No event of importance had occurred upon the continent immediately before my departure—the guard of honor at Bordeaux were daily parading in expectation of the arrival of the Emperor. Immence numbers of French, Swiss, and Italian troops were marching to Spain and Portugal, all apparently confident of victory, and zealous to act in whatever manner their chief was disposed to direct them. Eighty thousand additional troops (the whole number of troops will exceed 200,000) were expected to march through Bordeaux the middle of March. The immediate object of this great army was perhaps only known to Bonaparte and his cabinet—the conjecture of some directed it towards Gibralter, others toward Africa, and others toward England. It is, I believe, pretty certain that the churches of Spain are about to be pillaged, and a considerable proportion of their treasures to be applied to other than holy purposes. It is thought by intelligent persons in France, that the emperor will not expose his person in Portugal or Spain: all his troops it is supposed might not protect him against the poison or stiletto of the infuriated *M*onks and Priests, who are about to be plundered. The so called "army of England" was formed at Boulogne.

JOSEPH HARBESON.

At the sign of the STILL, *in Market Street, between Second & Third Streets, just from Philadelphia, has commenced the*

Copper and Tin Manufactures,

in Pittsburgh, and has now for Sale, and shall continue to keep a supply of all sizes of Stills demanded.

STILLS of every size and description,
Copper Boilers for Brewers,
Hatter's Kettles,
Soap Boilers' ditto,
Tea Kettles,
Brass and Copper Wash Kettles, and every other article in the Copper line,
A handsome assortment of Tin Ware.

It being his intention of pursuing the business extensively, he hopes for the patronage of the public, and any orders left shall be punctually fulfilled, and at the most reasonable prices.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1805.

*** One new Brewing Copper, ready made, containing near 700 gallons.

☞ TIN by the Box, for Sale.

He intends keeping on hand from 50 to 100 Stills, assorted. Any person living at a distance will not meet with a disappointment by sending here for Stills.

FOR SALE AT

T. Cromwell's Commission Store,

GENEVA GLASS, of all kinds,
Tanner's Oil, by the barrel,
Cyder, by do.
Kentucky Tobacco, by the keg,
Superfine Flour, by the barrel,
And a neat asssortment of CASTINGS just received.

Pittsburgh, 15th Feb. 1808.

Being duly impowered for that purpose, I offer for SALE.

A large Tract of Land,

in Beaver county, on both sides of Racoon creek about three or four miles from the mouth, adjoining to Bryan's mills, and known by the name of Col. Simm's land. A great bargain may be had for good payments, and the title indisy putable. Enquire of CHARLES MORGAN, near the premises, or of the subscriber in Pittsbugh. PRESLEY NEVILL

S. H. DEARBORN'S

PAINTING ROOM,

IS in the apartment formerly occupied by Doctor Stevenson as a Shop, in Second Street, where he will be happy to accomdate those who wish their Portraits or Profiles painted.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1808.

TURNING,

In all its branches, oval and round,
IN IVORY, WOOD, OR METAL,
Useful and Ornamental,

EXECUTED on the shortest notice, and the most reasonable terms, in Market Street, near Z. Cramer's Book Store, by

ARNOLD EICHBAUM.

N. B. Umbrellas and Parasoles, made and repaired.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 17, 1807.

Nail Manufactory.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he manufactures and has now on hand

Cut and Hammered Nails

of every description, which he will sell, wholesale and retail, at the usual prices.

He still continues to manufacture *Ropes* of every kind; orders for which will be punctually attended to.

Six Pence per lb. given for sound clean Hemp.

He has to Rent, a convenient two story House. Possession given the 1st April. For particulars enquire of the subscriber at the corner of Third and Liberty Streets.

JOHN IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, March 7, 1808.

JOSEPH DAVIS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed from his late residence in Market Street, to his House in the Public Square, next door to Mr Boyle Irwin's, where he has opened for sale a large and handsome assortment of

Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c.

which he will sell at his usual low prices for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, April 15, 1807.

☞ A generous price will be given for *HEMP*.

All persons indebted to him by bond, note, or book account are earnestly requested to make payment, as it is out of his power to give ny further indulgence.

TO BE LET,

A Two story Brick House and Kitchen, In Second, between Market and Wood Streets. There are five commodious rooms in the house, and one in the kitchen, well finished. There are good cellars under both house and kitchen.

Also to be Let, for one or more years, A small two story *Brick House*, in Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets.—For terms apply to

JAMES MORRISON.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1808.

FOR SALE,

A Donation Tract of Land situate in Butler county in the First Donation District, and numbered 203—containing 200 acres. The terms of sale will be made known by applying to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, 17th Nov. 1806.

FOR SALE.

A Grist Mill, Distillery and two hundred acres of good Land, situate in Butler county, on Rough run and Buffaloe creek, six miles from Freeport and the Allegheny river. On the above land is a comfortable dwelling house, and several acres of land cleared, under good fence, and is considered very valuable on account of its having a never failing stream, and near navigable water.

One hundred and twenty acres of rich land, with a Sawmill equal, if not superior, to any in Butler county, four miles from Butler town, and on the state road, with a good dwelling house and several acres of cleared land, the rest well timbered.

Two hundred acres of choice upland and creek bottom, on Big Conequenessing creek, 4 miles from Butler, with two houses and a barn, and on which there is 16 acres of land cleared and under good fence, and is considered very valuable on account of it being so convenient to the town, and the local situation for the erection of mills, &c.

Two hundred acres of land within two miles of Butler town, on which there is a tanyard and distillery in full operation.

Two tracts of first rate land three miles from Butler, containing 200 acres each, on which is erected good dwelling houses, and several acres of land cleared and under good fence.

One two story log house 26 feet by 30, in the town of Butler, situate on the public square opposite the Court-House, the lot has a very extensive front sufficient for other buildings; also two out-lots near the town, containing 6 or 7 acres, well watered.

Two tracts of Donation Land, containing 200 acres, of superior quality, near French creek, with a never failing stream of water running through the same, well timbered. There are a number of sugar trees on these tracts.

Indisputable titles will be given for the above described property, and terms made known by applying to the subscriber opposite the Market House, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

March 1, 1808.

N. B. Two Brick Houses in Pittsburgh, near the Diamond, for sale, and six Log and Brick Houses to let, and posseession given the first of April next. All persons indebted are desired to come forward and make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence will be given. HEMP wanted, for which 6 cents per lb. will be given.

To be Rented.

And possession given the 1st of April next,

Two new Log Houses,

In Penn Street, between St. Clair Street and Cecil's alley. There are in each house, two rooms on the first floor, and two on the second, with a well lighted garret, and a good cellar. The situation is pleasant, being so convenient to the Allegheny river.

Also to be let forever, twenty-seven feet of ground adjoining the above mentioned houses, on the same street. For terms apply to the proprietors.

GEORGE M'GUNNEGLE.
PHILIP GILLAND.

Pittsburgh, February 27, 1808. tf.

FOR SALE.

By the subscriber, an assortment of

LEATHER,

Consisting of *Soal, Upper, Calf skins, Skirting, Hogs'* and *Sheep skins*, &c.

WM. GORMLY.

Pittsburgh, March 14th, 1808.

FOR THE ACADEMY AT BUSTLETON.

SCHEME OF A

LOTTERY,

ON AN ENTIRE NEW PLAN,

SECOND CLASS,

AND THE TICKETS SELLING RAPIDLY.

By Authority.

1	PRIZE of	10,000 dollars	10,000
1		5,000	5,000
1		2,000	2,000
9		1,000	9,000
20		500	10,000
24		300	7,200
50		200	10,000
75		100	7,500
154		50	7,700
165		40	6,600

3,000 Tickets at 28 dollars.

Prizes subject to 15 per cent. deduction, and payable in 30 days after the drawing is finished.

Part of the above Prizes to be stationary and arranged as follows, viz.

The whole Lottery to be drawn in six drawings, 500 tickets each day.

First drawn blank,	first day		500
Last	ditto	ditto	1,000
First	ditto	second day	500
Last	ditto	ditto	1,000
First	ditto	third day	500
Last	ditto	ditto	1,000
First	ditto	fourth day	500
Last	ditto	ditto	1,000
First	ditto	fifth day	1,000
Last	ditto	ditto	1,000
First	ditto	sixth day	5,000
Last	ditto	ditto	2,000

The drawing will take place in March next, at the State House in Philadelphia, and be concluded in three weeks, as a great proportion of the tickets are already sold. Tickets and shares for sale by the subscriber at the rate of 28 dollars.

N. B. Orders for Tickets from any part of the continent, post paid, inclosing cash, will be attended to with the utmost punctuality, and the earliest information given of their success. Prizes in other Lotteries taken in payment. MATTHEW M'CONNELL,

No. 82, Chesnut Street.

SAMUEL SWIFT, *President of the Board of Managers.*

☞ Tickets in the above Lottery for Sale by *M'Candless & Cochran*, Pittsburgh.

THE subscriber offers For Sale,

A TRACT OF LAND,

On Girty's Run, containing two hundred acres, about 6 miles from Pittsburgh, in a fine settlement; on which there is a good two story log House, a Barn, about forty acres cleared and under good fence, and a good sugar camp.

For terms apply to Henry Haslet, Esq. Mr. Baltzer Good, on the Franklin road, or to Mr. John Ferree at the office of the subscriber.

JOHN WILKINS, jr.

Pittsburgh, 1st Feb. 1808.

WANTED,

At the *New Glass Works*, in Pittsburgh,

POT & PEARL ASHES,

For which a liberal Price will be given.

Also, Cash will be given for good clean

WOOD ASHES,

at the rate of 12 1-2 cents per bushel.

March 7, 1808.

N. B. Three cents per pound will be given for broken Flint Glass, at the above Works.

M'CANDLESS & COCHRAN

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public, that they are now opening, (in addition to their stock on hand) in *Market Street*, between Third and Fourth streets, next door to Mr. Riddle's, a handsome and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

suitable for the present and approaching season, which they will sell at the most reduced prices for Cash or approved Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, March 16, 1808.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND,

Containing 400 acres, situate on the waters of Robinson's Run, in Robinson township, Allegheny county, about five miles from Pittsburgh, adjoining lands of George Cubbage, James Ewing, esq. and others. This tract is handsomely situated, well watered, and must strike the fancy of every person desirous of purchasing either for pleasure or profit. There are thirty acres cleared and under good fence. An indisputable title will be given.—Apply to

JOHN M'DONALD, jr.

Pittsburgh, *April* 19, 1808.

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

BLANK CHECKS,

Elegantly printed, on good paper.

Green Tree Tavern,

FOR SALE,

And possession given any time after the first day of April next.

THE situation is eligible, being a corner Lot on the Diamond and Erie Street, in the Town of Mercer, through which the county road from Pittsburgh passes—A four acre lot may be had with the above. Also, two small surveys in the vicinity of the above, to be disposed of, for which country produce will be taken. Likewise, a Tract of four hundred acres, one half rich bottom, which can be watered at any season, and each of the above tracts has one or more sugar camps and small improvements. For terms enquire of

JOHN D. LITTLEFORD.

Pittsburgh, February 11, 1808.

TICKETS

In the following Lotteries, are for sale by the subscriber, at his store in Front street, who will regularly receive the drawings, and where adventurers can know the fate of their Tickets.

In the *Trinity Church*—Highest prize 10,000 dollars.

Second Baptist Church—highest prize 8000 dollars.

Encouragement of useful Arts—highest prize 10,000 dollars, besides a large number of other prizes of 5000, 1000, 500, &c. and the tickets are now selling at 1 dollar and 50 cents.

These Lotteries will commence drawing in a short time, and the prizes regularly paid immediately after the drawing is finished.

ANTHONY BEELEN.

Pittsburgh, March 21, 1808.

ANTHONY BEELEN,

Begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he is now opening at the Old Stand in Front Street, near Mr. Eichbaum's Tavern, sign of the Indian Queen, a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

amongst which are a variety of Fancy Articles, as artificial flowers, plain and ornamented feathers, tiffany and paper fans, Italian silks, tamboured and plain lace sleeves, lace handkerchiefs and veils, white, black, and flesh coloured silk stockings, figured satin velvet ribbons for dresses, figured velvet waistcoating, silk and tinsel cords and tassels, chenille and other trimmings, figured soft satin ribbons, tortoise shell combs, gold and silver tinsel, epaulets, military plumes, &c. &c.

An elegant assortment of *Jewellery* and *Watches*.

A quantity of *Music*, by Pleyel, Hayden, Clements, and many other authors of the first eminence, for the piano forte, violin, violincello, flute and clarinet; piano forte, violin, clarinet, flute and fife tutors, violins of different prices, German flutes, clarinets and fifes, violin bows and bridges, tuning hammers, piano wire, and best Italian violin strings.

An assortment of *Looking Glasses*, with fashionable gilt and mahogany frames.

Paints, colours and dye stuffs.

Patent and Family Medicines.

Boulting Cloths.

A quantity of Scotch Herring by the box, &c. &c. &c.

All which he will sell on low terms for cash, or approved notes at 90 days.

He has on hand at his Lumber Yard, a quantity of well seasoned Pine, Walnut, Cherry, Oak and Poplar Boards, Scantling, Shingles, Staves, Lath, and other Lumber.

Pittsburgh, March 14, 1808. tf.

HARPER & WILKINSON,

Have removed to the corner of Market and Third Streets, to the Store lately occupied by *M'Candless and Cochran*, where they have opened an extensive assortment of

Hardware, and Dry Goods

suitable for the approaching season, all of which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1808.

WANTED,

30 or 40 good Saddle Horses. Apply as above.

NOTICE.

Delinquent Collectors, are requested to settle up their Duplicates without further delay, otherwise suits will be directed against them.

By order of the Commissioners.
E. DENNY, Treasurer of Allegheny county.

Pittsburgh, April 18, 1808.